

The Tamil Nadu Private Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Act, 1997 Act 4 of 1997

Keyword(s): Private Clinical Establishment, Regulation

Amendments appended: 19 of 2018, 33 of 2019, 16 of 2021

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The following Act of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly received the assent of the Governor on the 14th February 1997 and is hereby published for general information:—

ACT No. 4 OF 1997.

An Act to provided for the regulation of the Private Clinical E. 4 blishments in the State of Tamil Nadu for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Forty-Eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the TamilNadu Private Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Act, 1997.

Short title, extent and commencement.

- (2) It extends to the whole of the State of Tamil Nadu.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may by notification, appoint.
 - 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

Definitions.

- (a) competent authority" means any authority, officer or person appointed by the Government, by notification, to perform the functions of the competent authority under this Act and different competent authority may be appointed for different areas;
 - (b) Government' means the State Government;
 - (c) 'private clinical establishment' means and includes—
 - (i) a general hospital, maternity hospital or dispensary.
- (ii) an institution or a centre, by whatever name called where physically or mentally sick, injured or infirm person is admitted either as in-patient or treatment with or without the aid of operative procedures;
- (iii) a clinic catering to radiological, biological or other diagnostic or investigative services with the aid of laboratory or other medical equipments.

established and administered or maintained by any person for body of persons, whether incorporated or not, but does not include a clincial establishment established and administered or maintained by the State Government or Central Government or a local authority or a company or corporation owned or controlled by the State Government or Central Government.

3. (1) On or after the date of the commencement of this Act, no person shall carry on any private clinical establishment unless such private clinical establishment is duly registered under this Act:

Registration of private clinical establishments.

Provided that every private clinical establishment in existence on the date of the commencement of this Act shall apply for registration within three months from that date:

Provided further that every private clinical establishment in existence on the date of the commencement of this Act shall cease to carry on its business on the expiry of four months from that date unless such private clinical establishment has applied for registration and is so registered or till such application is disposed of whichever is earlier.

(2) Every application for registration under sub-section (1) shall be made to the competent authority in such form and in such manner and shall be accompained by such fee not exceeding five thousand rupees as may be prescribed.

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(3) No private Clinical establishment shall be registered under this Act unless the cotpetent aumority is satisfied that such private clinical establishment is in a position to provide such specilised services and facilities possess such skilled manpower and equipments and conditions as may be prescribed.

Certificate of registration.

- 4. (1) The competent authority shall, a ter holding an inquiry and a ter satisying itself that the applicant has complied with all the requirements of this Act and the rules made thereunder, grant to the private clinical establishment a certificate of registration in such form and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- (2) If, after the inquiry and a ter giving an opportunity to the applicant of being heard, the competent authority is satisfied that the applicant has not complied with the requirements of this Act and the rules made thereueder, it shall, for reasons to be recorded in wring, reject the application for registration.
- (3) Every certificate of registration is valid for a period of five years and may be renewed or a period of five years at a time.
- (4) Every application for renewal of registration shall be made within such time as may be prescribed and the provisions of this Act shall as far as may be apply in relation to the renewal of a registration as they apply in relation to registration.
- (5) If a certificate of registration is lost, destroyed, mutilated or damaged, the competent authority may, on application and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed, issue a duplicate certificate.

Suspension or cancellation of registration.

- 5. (1) The competent authority may, suo-mote or on complaint, issue a notice to any private clinical establishment to show cause why its registration under this Act should not be suspended or cancelled for the reasons mentioned in the notice.
- (2) If after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to the private clinical establishment, the competent authority is satisfied that there has been a breach of any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made there under or the conditions of registration, it may, without prejudice to any other action that it may take against such private clinical establishment suspend its registration for such period as it may think fit or cancel its registration:

Provided that where the competent authority is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do in the public interest, it may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, suspend the registration of any private clinical establishment without issuing any notice.

Inspection or inquiry,

- 6. (1) The competent authority shall have the right to cause an inspection of or inquiry in respect of any private clinical establishment, its buildings, laboratories and equipments and also of the work conducted or done by the private clinical establishment, to be made by such person or persons as it may direct and to cause an inquiry to be made in respect of any other matter connected with the private clinical establishment and that establishment shall be entitled to be represented there at.
- (2) The commetent authority shall communicate to the private clinical establishment the views of that authority with reference to the results of such inspection or inquiry and may, after ascertaining the opinion of the private clinical establishment thereon advise that establishment upon the action to be taken.
- (3) The private clinical establishment shall report to the competent authority the action, if any, which is proposed to be taken or has been taken upon the results of such inspection or inquiry, Such report shall be furnished within scuh time as the competent authority may direct,
- (4) Where the private clinical establishment does not, within a reasonable time take action to the satisfaction of the competent authority that authority may, after considering any explanation furnished or representation made by the private clinical establishment, issue such directions as that authority deems fit and the private clinical establishment shall comply with such directions.

7. Any private clinical establishment aggrieved by an order of the competent authority rejecting an application for registration under sub-section (2) of section 4 or an order of suspension or cancellation of registration under sub-section (2) of section 5 or by any direction of the competent authority under section 6 may, within thirty days from the date of receipt of the order, prefer an appeal to such authority and in such manner as may be prescribed,

Appeals,

8. Whoever contravenes any provisions of this act or any rule made under this Act or any condition of the registration granted thereunder shall be punishnable with fine which shall not be less than five thousand rupees but which may extend to fifteen thousand rupees:

Punishment for contraver tion of any provisions c this act.

Provided that the Court may, for reasons to be recorded in the judgement, impose a fine than five thousand rupees,

9. (1) Where any offence punichable under this Act has been committed by a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was in charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business of the company, as well as the company, shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Offences by companies

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he had exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where any offence punishable under this Act has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordignly,

Explanation.—For the purposes of these section,—

- (a) "Company" means any body corporate and includes a firm society or other association of ind viduals; and
 - (b) "director", in relation to-
 - (i) a firm, means a partner in the firm.
 - (ii) a society or other association of individuals, means the person—who is entrusted under the rules of the society or other—association, with the management of the affairs of the society or other association, as the case may be.
 - 10. No court shall take cognizance of an offence under this Act except on a complaint made by the competent authority or any officer authorised in this behalf by the competent authority.

Cognizance of offences.

- 11. (1) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of the provisions of this Act.
- Protection of action taken in good faith.
- (2) No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Government for any damage caused or likely to be caused for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of the provisions of this Act.
- 12. Every private clinical establishment shall, within such time or within extended time as may be fixed by the competent authority in this behalf, furnish the competent authority such returns, statistics and other information as competent authority may, from time to time require.

Furnishing of returns. etc.

npetent hority, etc. be public vants. 13. Every authority and every officer duly authorised to exercise the powers or to discharge any duty imposed on it or him by or under this Act shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

Central Act XLV of 1860

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- 14. (1) The Government may, by notification, make rules, to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) Every rule made under this Act and every order made under section 15 shall, as soon as possible after it is made, be placed on the Table of the Legislative Assembly and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, the Assembly makes any modification in any such rule or order, or the Assembly decide that the rule or order should not be made, the rule or order shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or order.

ower to remove fficulties.

15. If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government, may as occasion requires, by order, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, do anything which appear to them to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty:

Provided that, no order inder this section shall be made after the expiry of two years from the date of commencement of this Act.

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(By order of the Governor)

A. K. RAJAN,
Secretary to Government, Law Department

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[Regd. No. TN/CCN/467/2012-14.

[R. Dis. No. 197/2009. [Price: Rs. 2.40 Paise.



TAMIL NADU **GOVERNMENT GAZETTE**

EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 151]

CHENNAI, TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 2018 Chithirai 11, Vilambi, Thiruvalluvar Aandu-2049

Part IV—Section 2

Tamil Nadu Acts and Ordinances

The following Act of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly received the assent of the Governor on the 23rd April 2018 and is hereby published for general information:—

ACT No. 19 of 2018.

An Act to amend the Tamil Nadu Private Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Act, 1997.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Sixty-ninth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Private Clinical Short title and Establishments (Regulation) Amendment Act, 2018.

commencement.

- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.
- Tamil Nadu Act 4 of 1997.
- 2. In the long title to the Tamil Nadu Private Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Act, 1997 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for the expression "Private Clinical Establishments", the expression "Clinical Establishments" shall be substituted.

Amendment of long title.

3. In section 1 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of section 1.

- (1) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted:-
- "(1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Act, 1997.";
- (2) for sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:-

"(3) It shall come into force at once.".

Substitution of the expression "private clinical establishment" and "private clinical establishments". **4.** In the principal Act, for the expression "private clinical establishment" and "private clinical establishments", wherever they occur, the expression "clinical establishment" and "clinical establishments" shall, respectively, be substituted.

Amendment of section 2.

- 5. In section 2 of the principal Act,—
- (1) clause (a) shall be re-lettered as clause (aa) and before clause (aa) as so re-lettered, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
- "(a) "clinical establishment" means a clinical establishment under any recognized systems of medicine and includes—
- (i) a general hospital including dental hospitals, maternity hospital, dispensary, consulting room, clinic, polyclinic or nursing home;
- (ii) an institution or a centre, by whatever name called where physically or mentally sick, injured or infirm person is admitted either as in-patient or out-patient for treatment with or without the aid of operative procedures;
- (iii) a clinic catering to radiological, biological or other diagnostic or investigative services with the aid of laboratory or other medical equipments;

established and administered or maintained by any person or body of persons, whether incorporated or not or the State Government or Central Government or any department of the State Government or Central Government or a trust, whether public or private or a company, whether or not owned by the Government or a local authority but does not include the clinical establishments controlled or managed by the Armed Forces.

Explanation.— For the purpose of this clause, "Armed Forces" means the forces constituted under the Army Act, 1950, the Air Force Act, 1950 and the Navy Act, 1957;";

Central Act 46 of 1950. Central Act 45 of 1950. Central Act 62 of 1957.

- (2) after clause (aa), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
- "(aaa) "District Committee" means the committee constituted under section 2-D;";
 - (3) for clause (c), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(c) "recognized system of medicine" means Allopathy, Yoga, Naturopathy, Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Siddha or Unani system of medicine or any other system of medicine recognized by the Central Government or State Government;
- (d) "State Level Advisory Committee" means the committee constituted under section 2-A;".
- ${\bf 6.}$ After section 2 of the principal Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely :—

Insertion of new sections 2-A, 2-B, 2-C,2-D, 2-E and 2-F.

- "2-A. Constitution of State Level Advisory Committee.— (1) The Government shall, by notification, constitute a committee to be called the State Level Advisory Committee.
- (2) The State Level Advisory Committee shall consist of the following members, namely:—
- (a) The Director of Medical and Rural Health Services, *ex-officio*, who shall be the Chairperson;
 - (b) The Director of Medical Education, *ex-officio* or his nominee;
- (c) The Commissioner of Indian Medicine and Homeopathy ex-officio or his nominee;
- (d) The Director of Public Health and Preventive Medicine, ex-officio or his nominee;
- (e) One member from Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy system of medicine nominated by the respective State Council in rotation for one year in the order of Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy;
 - (f) One member nominated by the Indian Medical Association;
 - (g) One member nominated by the Tamil Nadu Medical Council;
- (h) One member nominated by the Tamil Nadu Dental Council; and
- (i) One member nominated by the Tamil Nadu Nurses and Midwives Council.
- (3) The nominated members shall hold office for a period of three years but shall be eligible for re-nomination for another term of three years.
- **2-B. Meetings of State Level Advisory Committee.**—(1) The State Level Advisory Committee shall meet at least once in a year at such time and in such place as may be prescribed.
- (2) The chairperson or in his absence, any member chosen by the members present, shall preside at the meeting.
- (3) The number of members necessary to constitute a quorum at a meeting and the procedure to be followed thereat shall be such as may be prescribed.
- **2-C. Functions of State Level Advisory Committee.**—The State Level Advisory Committee shall advise the Government upon matters of regulation of clinical establishments and perform such other functions as may be assigned to it by the Government, from time to time.
- **2-D. Constitution of District Committee.**—(1) The Government shall, by notification, constitute for every district, a committee to be called the District Committee.
- (2) The District Committee shall consist of the following members, namely:—
- (a) The Deputy Director of Medical and Rural Health Services, ex-officio, who shall be the chairperson;
 - (b) The Dean of a Government Medical College in the district;
 - (c) The District Siddha Medical Officer or his nominee;
 - (d) One member nominated by the Tamil Nadu Medical Council;
 - (e) One member nominated by the Indian Medical Association;

- (f) One member from Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy system of medicine nominated by the respective State Council in rotation for one year in the order of Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy;
- (g) One member nominated by the Tamil Nadu Nurses and Midwives Council.
- (3) The nominated members shall hold office for a period of three years but shall be eligible for re-nomination for another term of three years.
- **2-E. Meetings of District Committee.** (1)The District Committee shall meet at least once in every six months at such time and in such place as may be prescribed.
- (2) The chairperson or in his absence, any member chosen by the members present, shall preside at the meeting.
- (3) The number of members necessary to constitute a quorum at a meeting and the procedure to be followed thereat shall be such as may be prescribed.
- **2-F. Functions of District Committee.**—The District Committee shall aid and advise the competent authority of the district in the matters of registration of clinical establishments and perform such other duties connected therewith or incidental thereto, as may be prescribed.".
- **7.** In section 3 of the principal Act, for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(1) No person shall carry on any clinical establishment unless such clinical establishment is duly registered under this Act:

Provided that every clinical establishment in existence on the date of the commencement of the Tamil Nadu Private Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Amendment Act, 2018 (hereinafter referred to as the notified date), shall apply for registration within nine months from the notified date and a clinical establishment established after the notified date, shall apply for registration within a period of six months from the date of its establishment:

Provided further that every clinical establishment in existence on the notified date shall cease to carry on its business on the expiry of twelve months from the notified date unless such clinical establishment has applied for registration and is so registered or till such application is disposed of, whichever is earlier."

Amendment of section 5.

Amendment of

section 3.

- **8.** In section 5 of the principal Act, sub-section (1) shall bere-numbered as sub-section (1-A) and before sub-section (1-A) as so re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
- "(1) Where the holder of a certificate of registration of a clinical establishment has been convicted under any of the provisions of this Act for three times in the aggregate, the competent authority shall cancel the certificate of registration and the clinical establishment shall not be permitted to apply for fresh registration."
- **9.** After section 5 of the principal Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—
- "5-A. Maintenance of facilities and services by clinical establishments.— (1) Every clinical establishment shall maintain minimum standards of facilities and services, as may be prescribed.

Insertion of new sections 5-A,5-B and 5-C

- (2) The Government shall prescribe minimum standards of facilities and services in respect of different categories of clinical establishments under all recognized systems of medicines.
- **5-B. Duties and responsibilities of clinical establishments.** Every clinical establishment shall perform the following duties and responsibilities, namely:—
- (a) administer first aid and take other life saving or stabilizing emergency measures in all medico-legal or potentially medico-legal cases such as road accidents, accidental or induced burns or poisoning or criminal assaults and the like when the victims present themselves at the clinical establishment:
- (b) participate in the implementation of all National and State health programmes in such manner as the Government may specify, from time to time, and furnish periodical reports thereon to the authorities specified therein;
- (c) maintain medical records in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed for the respective system of medicine;
- (d) carry out necessary action to prevent the spread of communicable diseases and to control non-communicable diseases, as the Government may direct, from time to time; and
 - (e) such other duties and responsibilities, as may be prescribed.
- **5-C.** Annual publication of lists of clinical establishments.— The competent authority shall maintain, in such form as may be prescribed, a register of clinical establishments and shall, during the month of January in each year, publish in the *Tamil Nadu Government Gazette*, a list of clinical establishments registered together with such details pertaining to them as may be prescribed.".
- 10. For section 8, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Substitution of section 8.

- **"8. Penalties.** (1) Whoever contravenes sub-section (1) of section 3 shall be punishable, with fine which shall not be less than five thousand rupees but which may extend to fifty thousand rupees.
- (2) Whoever contravenes any other provision of this Act or any rule made thereunder or any condition of the registration, shall be punishable with fine which shall not be less than five thousand rupees but which may extend to fifty thousand rupees:

Provided that for the purpose of this sub-section and sub-section (1), the Court may, for any adequate or special reasons to be mentioned in the judgment, impose a fine less than five thousand rupees.

- (3) Whoever willfully disobeys any direction lawfully given by any person or authority empowered under this Act to give such direction, or obstructs any person or authority in the discharge of any function which such person or authority is required or empowered under this Act, to discharge, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to thirty thousand rupees.
- (4) Whoever being required by or under this Act to supply any information, willfully withholds such information or gives information which he knows to be false or which he does not believe to be true, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to thirty thousand rupees."

11. The Health and Family Welfare Department Notification No.198 Repeal. published in Part II—Section 2 of the *Tamil Nadu Government Gazette* Extraordinary, dated the 11th April, 1997 shall be deemed to have been repealed on and from the 14th April, 1997.

(By order of the Governor)

S.S. POOVALINGAM, Secretary to Government, Law Department. © GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU 2018

[Regd. No. TN/CCN/467/2012-14. [R. Dis. No. 197/2009.

[Price: Re. 0.80 Paise.



TAMIL NADU GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 21]

CHENNAI, WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 2018 Vaikasi 9, Vilambi, Thiruvalluvar Aandu–2049

Part II—Section 1

Notifications or Orders of specific character or of particular interest to the public issued by Secretariat Departments.

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NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT

Appointment of Date of coming into force of the Tamil Nadu Private Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Amendment Act, 2018

(Tamil Nadu Act 19 of 2018).

[G.O. Ms. No. 183, Health and Family Welfare (Z2), 16th May 2018, Vaikasi 2, Vilambi, Thiruvalluvar Aandu-2049.]

No.II(1)/HFW/13/2018.-

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of Section 1 of the Tamil Nadu Private Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Amendment Act, 2018 (Tamil Nadu Act 19 of 2018), the Governor of Tamil Nadu hereby appoints the 1st day of June, 2018 as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

J. RADHAKRISHNAN, Principal Secretary to Government.

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU 2018

[Regd. No. TN/CCN/467/2012-14.

[R. Dis. No. 197/2009. [Price: Re. 0.80 Paise.



TAMIL NADU **GOVERNMENT GAZETTE**

EXTRAORDINARY PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 200]

CHENNAI, MONDAY, JUNE 4, 2018 Vaikasi 21, Vilambi, Thiruvalluvar Aandu-2049

Part II—Section 2

Notifications or Orders of interest to a Section of the public issued by Secretariat Departments.

NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT

'COMPETENT AUTHORITY' TO PERFORM THE FUNCTIONS AT DISTRICT LEVEL UNDER THE TAMIL NADU CLINICAL ESTABLISHMENTS (REGULATION) ACT, 1997

> [G.O. Ms. No. 207, Health and Family Welfare (Z2), 1st June 2018, Vaikasi 18, Vilambi, Thiruvalluvar Aandu 2049.]

No. II(2)/HFW/505(c)/2018.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Clause (aa) of Section 2 of the Tamil Nadu Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Act, 1997 (Tamil Nadu Act 4 of 1997), the Governor of Tamil Nadu hereby appoints the Joint Director of Medical and Rural Health Services in the Directorate of Medical and Rural Health Services for Chennai and the Joint Director of Medical and Rural Health Services for all other Districts as Competent Authority to perform the functions under the said Act.

> J. RADHAKRISHNAN, Principal Secretary to Government.

The following Act of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly received the assent of the Governor on the 30th July 2019 and is hereby published for general information:—

ACT No. 33 OF 2019.

An Act further to amend the Tamil Nadu Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Act, 1997.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventieth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Amendment Act, 2019.

Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 31st day of May 2019.

Tamil Nadu Act 4 of 1997. 2. In section 3 of the Tamil Nadu Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Act, 1997,—

Amendment of section 3.

- (1) in sub-section (1),-
- (i) in the first proviso, for the expression "nine months", the expression "fifteen months" shall be substituted;
- (ii) in the second proviso, for the expression "twelve months", the expression "eighteen months" shall be substituted;
 - (2) to sub-section (2), the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that no fee shall be collected from the clinical establishments established and administered or maintained by the State Government or Central Government or any Departments of the State Government or Central Government or a company owned or controlled by the State Government or Central Government or a local authority."

(By order of the Governor)

C. GOPI RAVIKUMAR, Secretary to Government (FAC), Law Department. The following Act of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly received the assent of the Governor on the 22nd September 2021 and is hereby published for general information:—

ACT No. 16 OF 2021.

A Bill further to amend the Tamil Nadu Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Act, 1997.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Seventy-second year of the Republic of India as follows:—

Short title and commencement

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu Clinical . Establishments (Regulation) Amendment Act, 2021.
 - (2) It shall come into force at once.

Amendment of section 2-D.

- 2. In section 2-D of the Tamil Nadu Clinical Establishments (Regulation) Tamil Nadu Act Act, 1997, in sub-section (2), after clause (a), the following clause shall be, 4 of 1997. inserted, namely:-
- "(aa) The Deputy Director of Public Health and Preventive Medicine in the district;".

(By order of the Governor)

C. GOPI RAVIKUMAR, Secretary to Government (Legislation), Law Department.