

**THE UTTARAKHAND ANTI LITTERING AND ANTI SPITTING ACT, 2016**  
**(Uttarakhand Act no. 23, Year 2016)**

To keep the State clean and pollution free, **restriction on littering and spitting**

**An**  
**Act**

It is hereby enacted by the Uttarakhand Legislative Assemble in the Sixty seventh year of the Republic of India as Follows :

<b>Short title extent and commencement</b>	<b>1.</b>	<p>(1) This Act shall be called The Uttarakhand Anti Littering and Anti Spitting Act 2016.</p> <p>(2) This Act shall come into operation on the date of its publication in the Gazette.</p> <p>(3) This Act shall come in to force to the whole area under the jurisdiction of the Urban Local Bodies ('ULB for Short) in the State of Uttarakhand.</p>
<b>Effect of Laws inconsistent without this Act</b>	<b>2.</b>	<p>The provision of this Act shall have effect not withstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any other law.</p>
<b>Definitions</b>	<b>3.</b>	<p>In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:</p> <p>(a) "Authorized Officer" means and Executive Sanitary Inspector, Sanitary Inspector of ULB, and Officer of the Uttarakhand Police, not below the rank of Sub Inspector, a Revenue officer not below the rank of Revenue Inspector or an officer authorized by the District Magistrate for and area under his jurisdiction.</p> <p>(b) "building" includes any premises, house, hut, stall, shed or roofed enclosure, whether used for the purpose of human habitation or otherwise, and also any wall, fence, platform, staging, gate, post, pillar, palling, frame, boarding, landing-stage or bridge or any structure, support or foundation connected to the foregoing;</p>

		<p>(c) “Community Service” means cleaning, sweeping, collecting litter, clearing graffiti from the walls, or any other tasks notified by the urban local body as community service;</p> <p>(d) “garden refuse” includes any refuse from garden and agricultural operations;</p> <p>(e) “litter” means any dust, sand, earth, gravel, clay, stone, cement, paper, ashes, carcass, refuse, leaves and branches, grass, straw, boxes, barrels, bales, shavings, sawdust, garden refuse, stable refuse, trade refuse, manure, garbage, bottles, glass, can, food container, food wrapper, particles of food or other things, articles or materials. It will also include urinating or defecating by pets or humans in open;</p> <p>(f) “occupier” includes any person in actual occupation of any premises or having the charge, management or control thereof, and in the case of property subdivided or let to various tenants or lodgers, the person who for the time being is receiving the rent payable by the tenants or lodgers, the person who for the time being is receiving the rent payable by the tenants or lodgers whether on his own account or as an agent for any person entitled thereto or interested therein;</p> <p>(g) “owner” shall have the same meaning assigned to it in the U.P. Municipalities Act, 1916 [as adapted, amended and made applicable to Uttarakhand] and the U.P. Municipal Corporation Act, 1959 [as adapted, amended and made applicable to Uttarakhand] and shall also include the occupier of any building or premises for the time being;</p> <p>(h) “premises” means land, whether enclosed or not which is appurtenant to a building or commonly appurtenant to several building.</p> <p>(i) “public place” includes every public</p>
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<b>Offences under the Act</b>	<b>4.</b>	<p>Any person who:</p> <p>(a) place, deposits or throws or causes or allows to be placed, deposited or thrown any litter in any public place;</p> <p>(b) dries or desecrates any article of food or any article or thing in any public place;</p> <p>(c) throws, place, spills or scatters any blood,</p>

		<p>brine, spills any noxious liquid or other offensive or filthy matter of any kind in such manner as to run or fall into any public place;</p> <p>(d) drops, spills or scatters any dirt, sand, earth, gravel, clay, loam, stone, grass, straw, shavings, sawdust, ashes, garden refuse, stable refuse, trade refuse, manure, garbage or any other thing or matter in any public place whether from a moving or stationary vehicle or in any other manner;</p> <p>(e) sieves, shakes, cleans, beats or otherwise agitates any lime, ashes, sand, coal, hair, waste paper, feathers or other substances in such manner that it is carried or likely to be carried by the wind to any public place;</p> <p>(f) throws or leaves behind any bottle, glass, can, food container, food wrapper, particles of food other articles or things in any public place ;</p> <p>(g) during the construction, alteration or demolition of any building or erection or at any time whatsoever, deposits, drops, leaves in any public place, any stone, cement, earth, sand, wood or other building material, thing or substance, without prior permission, or who fails to take reasonable or any other material;</p> <p>(h) placed or deposits or causes or allows to be placed or deposited any abandoned vehicle, water tank, Cement mixer or any abandoned object or scrap metal in any public place,</p> <p>(i) Spits in any public place; Commits an Offense under this Act.</p>
<b>Order to remove</b>	<b>5.</b>	<p>(1) The Urban Local Body or Authorized Officer may direct any person reasonably Suspected of place, depositing or causing or allowing to place or depositing or causing or allowing to place or depositing or causing or allowing to placing, depositing or causing or allowing to place or deposit any litter, abandoned vehicle, abandoned object or</p>

		scrap metals from Such public place to a proper place.
<b>Presumption as to Offender</b>	<b>6.</b>	For the offences committed under section 4, the driver and the owner of the vehicle shall be deemed to have Committed the offence unless the contrary is proved.

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<b>Occupier of land or building to be held liable</b>	<b>7.</b>	If in any case it is Shown that any dust or other substance as mentioned in the above sections has been deposited in any public place in contravention of this Act from any building or land or that any Such water or any offensive matter has run, drained or been thrown or put upon into any street or drain in contravention of this Act, it shall be presumed that the offense was committed by or by the permission of the occupier of such building or land.
<b>Occupier to keep footpaths, backyard and private Street clean</b>	<b>8.</b>	<p>(1) The owner or coupler of any premises shall cause the immediate vicinity of his premises, including the footpaths and backyards abutting thereon to be swept and kept clean.</p> <p>(2) The owner or occupier of any premises abutting on a private street shall cause such portion of the street shall cause such portion of the street in front of, adjoining or abutting his premises and up to the centre thereof be kept clean.</p>
<b>Penalties</b>	<b>9.</b>	<p><sup>1</sup>{(1) Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of this Act commits an offence and shall on conviction, shall be punished with such fine, as determined by the State Government from time to time.</p> <p>(2) In the case of a continuing offence, shall be punished with such fine, as determined by the State Government from time to time.}</p> <p>(3) In addition to or in substitution for the penalty provided in sub-section (1) any expenses incurred by the Urban Local Body in consequence of any contravention of this Act or in the execution of any work directed under this Act to be execution by the Urban Local Body or by Some Contractor, together with a Surcharge of not more than ten percent of the expenses, shall be paid by the person committing the breach or failing to execute such work and may be recovered as the arrears of land revenue.</p>

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1- Subs. by section 2 of Uttarakhand Act No. 15 of 2022.

<p><b>Compounding of offenses</b></p>	<p><b>10.</b></p>	<p>(1) The Authorized Officer may compound any offense committed by any person and prescribed to be a compoundable offense by making a written offer to the person reasonably suspected of having committed the offense to compound the offense upon payment to the Urban Local Body/Authorized Officer of an amount not exceeding five hundred Rupees but not exceeding five hundred rupees within the time specified in the offer.</p> <p>(2) If the person is unable to pay the compounding amount/ Fine, he/ She can enroll for Community service in the Urban Local Body in lieu of the compounding amount/ Fine.</p> <p>(3) An Offer under paragraph (1) may be made at any time after the offense has been Committed but before any prosecution for it has been instituted, and if the amount specified in the offer is not done within the period specified in the offer or within the period specified in the offense may be instituted at any time after that against the person to whom the offer was made.</p> <p>(4) If an offense has been compounded under paragraph (1), no prosecution shall be instituted after that in respect of the offense against the person to whom the offer to compound was made.</p> <p>(5) An offer to compound shall be in such form as specified under the rules.</p>
<p><b>Power to arrest</b></p>	<p><b>11.</b></p>	<p>(1) Any Authorized Officer may detain any person and have him arrested, with police help, whoever commits an Offence in his presence or whom he reasonably believes to have committed any offence under this act, if:</p> <p>(a) the name or address of the person is unknown to him and the person declines to give his name and address.</p> <p>(b) there is any reason to doubt the accuracy of his name or address.</p>

		(2) Any person arrested under this Act Shall be detained and Shall be brought before an Executive Magistrate within twenty four hours, unless his true name and exact address are sooner ascertained.
<b>Court Competent to take cognizance and try offenses</b>	<b>12.</b>	<p>(1) No court other than the Court of a Judicial Magistrate First Class Shall take Cognizance of, and try an offense under this Act.</p> <p>(2) No court shall take cognizance of any offense except on a complaint in writing of an Authorized Officer.</p>
<b>Offenses under the Act to be non cognizable and bailable</b>	<b>13.</b>	Notwithstanding anything contained in the code of Criminal Procedure 1973, offenses under section 3 of this Act shall be non-cognizable and bailable.
<b>Summary trial of offenses</b>	<b>14.</b>	All offenses under this act shall be tried summarily in the manner provided for summary trial under the code of criminal Procedure 1973.
<b>Power of State government to make rules &amp; regulations</b>	<b>15.</b>	The State Government shall make rules and regulations, for the purposes of carrying out into effect the provisions of this Act.

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